**English Debate**

**Description:**

A debate deals with a formal discussion or argument between two or more people or groups expressing opposing points of view on a given subject. Convincing the judges or audience that one side of the argument is stronger or more legitimate than the other is the main objective of a debate. Debates are organised activities with preset guidelines and forms that are frequently utilised in a variety of contexts, such as academic institutions, political forums, and competitive competitions.

**Team Structure:**

• Debates centre around a specific topic, proposition, or motion. This is a statement or resolution that the participants must either support (affirmative side) or oppose (negative side).

• There are two or three presenters on each team.

• Each speaker has a specific time allotted to them for their remarks.

• Periods for speaker interrogation or cross-examination may be scheduled.

**Topics:**

• Topics can cover a wide range of subjects, including political, social, economic, and philosophical issues.

**Judging Criteria:**

• Judges assess arguments using a variety of criteria, including coherence of argument overall, persuasive speaking, logical reasoning, and the quality of the evidence.

**Timekeeping:**

• Strict time limits are enforced for each speech and segment of the debate to ensure fairness and efficiency.

• Common time allocations include 5-7 minutes for the first speaker, 7 minutes for the second, and 4-5 minutes for the third (if applicable).